Foundation Eyelash Extension
Training Manual
Training Manual

Congratulations

You are on your way to becoming a fully trained and qualified eyelash technician. What’s even more exciting is the fantastic income opportunities this specialist skill will give you and your beauty business.

Eyelash lash extensions are such a great business such a great business to be in and I know you are going to love it! You only need to look around to see that it is one of the hottest beauty trends – and not just for models and celebrities! More and more women are making eyelash extensions an everyday part of their regime. This is a rapidly expanding market.

What you need to know about AH Francis Lashes...

- First, you have a great product that won’t let you down. AH Francis lashes are used by professional lash technicians who work with models and top celebrities world-wide. That’s because they love and trust our product. We make our lashes from soft and naturally curved synthetic material so they look and feel identical to human lashes. We also use the most advanced adhesives to ensure they give the best bond to the natural lashes. The result is thicker natural-looking lashes which last the natural life of the client’s own eyelashes.
- Top ups provide you with repeat business and other cross selling opportunities for specialist treatments, beauty products and therapies.
- Practice makes perfect. Whilst you’re training will take just one day and four hours of home study, you’ll need to practice your technique to become an expert. We suggest doing around twenty sets of lashes before you actually begin to take paying clients.

What your clients should know...

- AH Francis Lashes are designed to thicken and lengthen natural eyelashes.
- Extensions are individually attached to natural eyelashes giving a totally natural feel and look – you can’t feel them on.
- If cared for properly, AH Francis Lashes will last until the natural eyelash they are attached to sheds.
- AH Francis lashes can be easily removed by a professional lash technician.
- AH Francis lashes come in a range of lengths and colours for a custom-fit.

Maintenance, longevity of the lashes and managing expectations: The average life-cycle of an eyelash is approximately 60-90 days and AH Francis lashes will eventually fall out with the natural lash. It’s therefore important to explain to your clients that if they want to maintain a full lash look, they will need to have maintenance treatments every two to three weeks. Top ups should take around 30 minutes and be charged for accordingly. It is always best to charge for the time taken for the treatment, otherwise clients who miss or delay their appointments will sometimes need longer.

I wish you every success with your training and rewarding times ahead with your new lashes business.

Enjoy and have fun
Every single woman would love to have luscious long eyelashes that enhance the beauty of their eyes. Eyes convey personality, emotion and genuine beauty and women will be drawn to treatments that naturally enhance their eyes. During the consultation the client should be given a choice of looks, for example; longer lashes, thicker lashes, coloured extensions, a sweep of extensions on the outside corners. Consideration should also be given to the overall look the client is hoping for and whether it is achievable, this makes sure that their expectations are managed. It is also good practice to run through the procedure and the subsequent aftercare instructions at this point so that the client is completely aware of how to take the best care of her lashes. It is vital that you perform the correct consultation and patch test on new clients and also on existing ones if you switch your brand of adhesive.

Our patch test procedure for eyelash extension adhesive must be performed at least 48 hours prior to a treatment.

- advise your client not to wear mascara to the appointment.
- Client consultation & Medical Health forms are available to buy, please ask your trainer.
- Perform a standard skin test behind the ear, in the crook of the elbow or on the inside of the wrist.
- Apply 2-4 lashes or apply a tiny amount of adhesive to an eyelash on one eye, this ensures that the adhesive is tested on the eye area.

Golden rule: if you are in any doubt about clients suitability for a treatment, do not proceed. Remember; if in doubt leave it out!

Consultation and Consent Form

Client’s Name..................................................................................................................

Address ........................................................................................................................
...............................................................................................................................

Consultation – Information Statements

Please read the following information.

- Lash extensions are made of a synthetic material naturally curved to imitate your natural lashes.
- The purpose is to create the look of thicker, fuller and longer eyelashes.
- The procedure is painless.
- Maintenance procedures may be required.
- For two hours after AH Francis Lashes treatment do not allow water to contact lashes.
- For two days after Lash treatment do not steam face, use steam bath, swim or wash face with hot water.
- Do not perm or curl AH Francis Lash Extensions.
- Eyelash tinting must be done prior to your AH Francis lash procedure.
- Only use water based mascara on the tips of your lashes.
- Do not use waterproof mascara or mascara remover on AH Francis lashes.
- Do not rub eyes when washing face.
- Always pat dry lashes after cleansing.
- Do not use the sauna or a face steamer everyday.
- Do not use any makeup remover on or near the lashes.

Consent for procedure

I understand that a maintenance procedure is required to keep the lashes looking thick and full and I am aware that I will be charged an additional fee for any further work.

I have read and understood the aftercare form and realise I am responsible for the general care of my lash extensions.

PATCH TEST PROCEDURE – I am aware that it is an insurance requirement for a patch test to be completed 48 hours prior to my full treatment.

Client’s name ................................................................. Patch test completed on …/……/……

Signature........................................................................................................................ Date .......................................
Medical Health Form

Client's name ..........................................................................................................................

Address ................................................................................................................................

..............................................................................................................................................

DOB ......................................................................................................................... Occupation...................................................................................

Phone no ..........................................................................................................................(Mobile) Phone no ...................................................................................(Work)

Do you suffer with any of the following? (Please circle)

Cataract NO YES

Conjunctivitis NO YES

Diabetic Retinopathy NO YES

Dry Eye Syndrome NO YES

Glaucoma NO YES

Any other complaints ...........................................................................................................

Name of doctor ................................................................................................................

Surgery ...........................................................................................................................

I have read and understood the above information

Client name .................................................... Signature ............................. Date .................
Anatomy of the Eye

The eye is a complex optical system – very similar to a camera. Vision begins when light enters the eye through the cornea, a powerful focusing surface. From there, it travels through clear aqueous fluid, and passes through a small aperture called the pupil. As muscles in the iris relax or constrict, the pupil changes size to adjust the amount of light entering the eye. Light rays are focused through the lens, and proceed through a clear jelly-like substance in the centre of the eye called vitreous, which gives it form and shape. When light rays finally land on the retina, the part of the eye similar to film in a camera, they form an upside-down image. The retina converts the image into an electrical impulse that travels along the optic nerve to the brain, where it is interpreted as an upright image. However this amazing optical system is not immune to infection or disease so it is of paramount importance that you have your clients fill out a medical health form before the procedure. This will enable you to assess your client’s suitability for the procedure. If you are unsure about a client’s condition advise them to seek medical approval from their doctor.

Contraindications

A contra-indication is a factor which prevents a client from being suitable to have a treatment; this is usually a medical condition. Contra-indications can be permanent, temporary or area specific. While having some contra-indications may mean a client isn’t suitable at all for a certain treatment, others may be worked around, for example:

- A client with a contagious disease should not have any sort of treatment performed on them to avoid cross contamination. This contra-indication will only last for the period of time that the client has the contagious disease.
- If a client has booked for a massage but has a cut on their skin, this cut would be a contra-indication but the treatment could still go ahead. The therapist would simply avoid the area with the cut.

Contra-indications for eye treatments may be:

- A reaction to the Patch Test given prior to the treatment
- Inflamed or swollen eye area
- Infectious eye disorders such as conjunctivitis
- Stys
- Redness & puffiness to the eye area
- Cuts, bruises, abrasions or recent scars to the eye area
- Moles & warts
- Contact lenses
- Hypersensitive skin
- Contagious skin conditions around the eye area
- Cold sores
- Dry eye syndrome

Please remember that your client does need to have natural lashes to be a suitable candidate for eyelash extensions. Anyone who has lost their eyelashes, for example alopecia sufferers or chemotherapy patients, cannot have eyelash extensions. This is because there would be nothing to attach the synthetic extension to and the professional adhesives must not be used to stick lashes to the eyelid. Eyelash Extensions adhesives are acrylate adhesives, and must be handled with caution.
CATARACT: A cataract is an opacity or cloudiness in the natural lens of the eye. It is still the leading cause of blindness worldwide. The development of cataracts in the adult is related to aging, sunlight exposure, smoking, poor nutrition, eye trauma, systemic diseases, and certain medications such as steroids. A single study has suggested that use of oral vitamin C may help delay the progression of cataracts. Just as a smudged or dirty camera lens may spoil a photograph, opacity in the natural lens of the eye can result in a blurred image. Patients with cataracts usually complain of blurred vision either at distance, near, or both. This may interfere with tasks such as driving or reading. Other common complaints include glare, halos, and dimness of colour vision. A cataract does not affect a client’s suitability for AH Francis Lash Extensions.

CONJUNCTIVITIS: Conjunctivitis typically presents with a red eye(s), purulent (pus) discharge, a gritty sensation, and occasionally sticking shut of the eyelids in the morning. Vision is not affected. Most conditions in the adult are secondary to staphylococcus (staph) or streptococcus (strep) infections. If the discharge is severe, gonococcal (gonorrhea) conjunctivitis must be considered. In children, the bacteria known as hemophilus influenza may be causative. This bacterial infection is not related to the common flu, which is viral in nature. Newborn infants with conjunctivitis must be evaluated for gonococcal and chlamydia conjunctivitis (sexually transmitted diseases), however, staphylococcus, streptococcus, and other infectious agents must be considered as well.

In most cases of adult or childhood conjunctivitis, treatment with topical antibiotics is initiated without cultures. If the ophthalmologist elects for cultures, antibiotic therapy is usually initiated and treatment changed later, as necessary, depending on culture results. Gonococcal conjunctivitis requires initiated and treatment changed later, as necessary, depending on culture results. If the discharge is severe, gonococcal (gonorrhea) conjunctivitis must be considered. In children, the bacteria known as hemophilus influenza may be causative. This bacterial infection is not related to the common flu, which is viral in nature. Newborn infants with conjunctivitis must be evaluated for gonococcal and chlamydia conjunctivitis (sexually transmitted diseases), however, staphylococcus, streptococcus, and other infectious agents must be considered as well.

Clients who have any form of conjunctivitis are not suitable for AH Francis Lash Extensions.

DIABETIC RETINOPATHY: Diabetic retinopathy is the leading cause of acquired blindness among Americans under the age of 65. The great majority of this blindness can be prevented with proper examination and treatment by ophthalmologists. An extraordinary amount of research has already been completed and is relied upon heavily by practicing ophthalmologists, in the treatment of patients with diabetes. Unfortunately, patients who are not properly referred for evaluation and management or those who, for any reason, fail to get proper care from an ophthalmologist, are at the greatest risk of vision loss. Ophthalmologists primarily rely on the results of four major clinical studies to guide their treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus. These are the Diabetes Control and Complications Trial (DCCT), the Diabetic Retinopathy Study (DRS), the Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS), and the Diabetic Retinopathy Vitrectomy Study (DRVS).

Diabetic retinopathy does not affect a client's suitability for AH Francis Lash Extensions.

DRY EYE SYNDROME: Dry eye syndrome is an extremely common condition, thought to affect approximately 60 million Americans. The cause is usually unclear, but there appears to be an imbalance between tear production and tear volume drainage via the nasolacrimal ducts. The tear film is made up of a mucous layer against the eye, a middle aqueous (water) layer, and an outer lipid (oily) layer. All three components are critical to a normal tear film. If any of the three layers of the tear film is deficient, the eye may suffer symptoms of dry eye. People with dry eye syndrome usually present with complaints of burning, stinging, redness of the eyes, and tearing. The tearing seems paradoxical at first, but is explained by the fact that an underlying dry eye may become irritated, perhaps sending a ‘signal’ for increased tear production to ‘flush-out’ the eye. This response is physiologically equivalent to the presence of a foreign body, such as a hair, in the eye. Tearing that becomes symptomatic usually occurs in conditions that more rapidly evaporate tears from the eye, such as being outdoors in the wind. Heat, low humidity, and the presence of smoke may compound the problem. Clients with dry eye syndrome are not suitable for AH Francis Lash Extensions, as they often have to use eye drops, which might affect the bonding chemical.

GLAUCOMA: Glaucoma is a disorder associated with pressure in the eye, and is characterised by damage to the optic nerve, with consequent visual loss, initially peripheral, but potentially blinding if relentlessly progressive. Unfortunately, glaucoma is usually a disease in which the patient is entirely asymptomatic (without symptoms) until late in the disease. The disorder we refer to as glaucoma, is not a single disease, but rather a myriad of diseases with one final common insult, injury to the optic nerve. Glaucoma does not affect a client’s suitability for AH Francis Lash Extensions.

The previous information was taken direct from the web page, www.eyemdlink.com/conditions.asp.

Please remember that your client needs to have natural lashes in order to be suitable for AH Francis Lash Extensions. Anyone who has lost their eyelashes through alopecia and/or chemotherapy unfortunately cannot have AH Francis Lash Extensions, as there is nothing to attach the synthetic lash too. The lash adhesive cannot be used to stick AH Francis lashes to the client’s eyelid.
Marketing

Once you have completed your training and your case studies you are now ready to do the real practise. We recommend you do at least 20 sets of lashes before you start doing clients for real. When you start doing clients you should be able to do a full set in approximately one hour and your lashes should stay on!! EVEN IF YOU TRAINED WITH THE MOST MAGNIFICENT PERSON IN THE WORLD, UNLESS YOU PRACTISE, YOU WILL NEVER MASTER EYELASH EXTENSIONS.

PRACTISE PRACTISE PRACTISE PRACTISE

INCOME POSSIBILITIES
We are dedicated to help you be a successful lash technician, and if you use all the tools available to you including our marketing DVD, the following income examples are perfectly achievable. Average client data base 600 clients 10% converted.

YEAR 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>@</th>
<th>TOP UPS</th>
<th>@</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FULL SETS</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>£85-£150</td>
<td></td>
<td>£5,100–£9,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOP UPS 17 PER CLIENT PER YEAR</td>
<td>60 X 17 = 1020</td>
<td>£28-£60</td>
<td>£28,560–£61,200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

YEAR 2

It would be totally feasible to treble the number of clients in year three, 180 clients would only be still under one third of a database of 600. The income potential would be as follows:

180 NEW CLIENTS  TOTAL £100,980–£210,600

THE AUDREY HEPBURN SWEEP AS A MARKETING TOOL

Putting approximately 10 lashes on either side can totally transform the client’s eyes and is a great way to introduce the client to having lash extensions. Once she has had them, she will not want to be without them!! The Audrey Hepburn sweep is also great for clients who don’t have time for a full treatment or just want to look great for a one-off party!

A H Francis has a selection of marketing material, please visit www.ahfrancis.com to see the full selection.
The Fundamentals

Eyelash Extensions adhesives are acrylate adhesives, and must be handled with caution
- A H Francis adhesives are ISO Medical approved
- BEWARE – not all adhesives meet this standard

PROBLEND PLUS ADHESIVE
- Superb lasting power
- Super quick drying
- No odour
- Great for sensitive eyes
- Formulated in Europe

FASTLASH ADHESIVE
- Super quick drying time
- Ultimate bonding and lasting power
- Has an odour
- Not suitable for sensitive eyes
- It is recommended to keep the clients eyes closed for several minutes after use
- Formulated in Europe

3D LASHES LEVEL 3 ADHESIVE
- Quick drying
- Good bonding
- Has an odour
- It is recommended to keep the clients eyes closed for several minutes after use
- Formulated in USA

There are three types of lashes
- They speed up application time because they are ready for use
- They reduce product waste
- They are better value for money – contents per case exceed a pot of loose lashes

Extensions are produced in a wide range of thicknesses, lengths and curls. These give you many ways to create the variety of looks that clients will ask for.

Thicknes – 0.07, 0.15, 0.20 and 0.25 all refer to the width of each individual extension at the base. It is the actual thickness in millimetres.

Length – this refers to the length of each individual eyelash extension, they are measured in the factory before the curl is made in the material.

Curl – this refers to the defined curl in the lash extension.

J Curl gently curl towards the end of the extension to mimic natural lashes.

C Curl have a more defined curl and will create a lifted look to the eyes.

O Curl are the curliest on the market they will give a very glamorous, lifted look to the eyes.

NB it is important to note that the type of curl can make the length appear shorter, for example a J Curl 11mm lash extension will appear longer than a C Curl 11mm one.

0.15 thickness
- Great for blending or achieving a more natural look
- Application on customers with fine natural lashes
- 9mm, 11mm, 13mm lengths
- J Curl only.

0.20 thickness
- Can be used to create a more defined look
- 7mm, 9mm, 11mm, 13mm, 15mm lengths
- J, C and O Curl
- Around 3,800 lashes per case

0.25 thickness
- The thickest extensions that AH Francis sell but the thickness also makes them the heaviest.
- Unsuitable for customer with very fine natural lashes.
- They will achieve a thicker, more glamorous look.
- 7mm, 9mm, 11mm, 13mm, 15mm lengths
- J,C and O Curl
- Around 3,800 lashes per case

0.07 thickness
- 0.07 thickness - Super fine and luxurious
- Up to 4 lashes can be applied to 1 natural eyelash to create a full luxurious look
- Last longer, feel softer, stay stronger
- 7mm, 9mm, 11mm, 13mm, 15mm lengths
- J and C Curl
- Around 5,200 lashes per case

Lash Extensions also come in a range of colours, check our website for details. www.ahfrancis.com
### Procedure Preparation

Always use gel pads. These pads give the following benefits:
- Protection for the eye area
- They cover lower lashes which help to prevent sticking
- The white colour provides contrast, so the natural eyelashes are easier to see
- They do not pull out lashes when removed.

It is best practice for a contact lens wearing client to remove them before a treatment.

It is also important to remind the client NOT to open their eyes during the procedure.

**CLEANSING**

Cleansing is VITAL to successful bonding. Make sure you prepare your clients natural lashes for the extension application by using Protein Remover wipes or liquid before beginning the treatment. This will ensure you have clean lashes with no residue on them which will aid in creating a perfect bond.

You MUST clean the client’s eyelashes to start with even if they did not wear eye makeup or mascara to the appointment.

**Technique**

You must hold the tweezers horizontally to give you the most flexibility and control when doing the treatment.

Lashes have a life cycle of approximately 90 days, if you apply lashes to medium length lashes, the longevity of your lash extensions will be far better than putting them on an older lash.

Adult lashes will have a short life span and will fall off soon. Medium lashes are IDEAL as they have sufficient length for you to be able to create sufficient bonding and enough life span left to give the client the longest duration possible. Baby lashes will not hold as there is insufficient length to create a 100% bonding.

Eyelashes should not be stuck together, this can cause damage and compromise longevity.

**ISOLATING LASHES IS FUNDAMENTAL TO LONG LASTING LASHES AND CREATING 100% BONDING.**

- Line up the tweezers vertically to the lashes.
- Keeping the tweezers closed, press the tips in to the mid-section of the lashes.
- Slowly open the tips and isolate a lash.
**100% BONDING**
This treatment is all about 100% bonding and longevity of the lashes. If you learn how to create 100% bonding, you will become a successful lash technician and will be able to retain clients.

**PROBLEM LASHES**
It may be difficult to get a 100% bonding with the following lashes:
- curly lashes
- straight lashes
- baby lashes
- old lashes.

**BASIC BONDING TECHNIQUE**
Never touch the skin with the lash extensions, they must always be 0.5-1mm away from the skin.

**SECRET TO LONG LASTING LASHES**
- 100% BONDING
- CORRECT ISOLATION
- lashes APPLIED TO MEDIUM LASHES

**SELECTING THE LASH LENGTH**
The general rule is for the lash extension to be ½–1/3 longer than the natural lash – any longer than that and the lash extension bond will become weak. Always check the client’s expectations in the consultation phase.

**APPLY FIVE LASHES AT A TIME**
To avoid lashes sticking together, apply five lashes on each eye and always work away from the lash you have just applied. Alternate between the eyes until you have completed the treatment.

**A FULL SET**
A full set of lashes is approximately 30 lashes, but depends enormously on the client’s eye shape and how thick her own lashes are. Always blend different sizes in to create a natural look and consider the shape of the client’s eyes, for example:
- for small deep-set eyes bring the longer extensions through the middle of the eye
- for eyes that drop down at the corner, blend the longer extensions onto the outside edge to lift the eye
- do not apply lashes on the very outside edge as they may droop
- do not apply lashes to the very inside edge of the eye as the lashes here are very thin and will rarely hold the extension.
BONDING PROBLEMS
When the lash is not 100% bonded, durability will be compromised. You must do your best to achieve 100% bonding. You can correct by doing the following:
- add a little more glue and smooth on with a wooden applicator stick
- squeeze the edge that is not correctly bonded with the tweezers
- take the lash off quickly and apply more glue and realign
- DO NOT KEEP ADDING GLUE AS IT WILL END UP MAKING THE LASH THICK AND CLUMPY

LASH TINTING
A more natural appearance can be achieved for blond clients if the lashes are tinted. Always tint the client’s lashes two days prior to the procedure, tinting on the same day will effect the bonding.

Removal
PREPARING THE MICRO BRUSHES
- Dip one brush in the remover, making it slightly damp.
- Rub the two brushes together.
- Dab the brushes on the tissue to remove excess solution.

ONLY use the brushes after you have dabbed them.
- Apply the remover to the tops and bottoms of the lashes to be removed.
- Place the lash between the brush tips.
- Slowly brush upwards to dissolve the adhesive and remove the lash.

POST-REMOVAL STEPS
I Rinse lashes with water and pat dry with cotton swabs or microbrushes.

SAFETY PRECAUTION – Never allow adhesive remover to contact the eyes. Avoid touching the skin.

CLEANSING
- Cleansing is VITAL to successful bonding.
- Absolutely clean lashes. NO residue on the eyelashes, or they will not bond.
- You MUST clean the client’s eyelashes even if they did not wear eye makeup or mascara.

SEALER
We recommend that you apply sealer at the end of your treatment and sell the client sealer to use at home. The sealer:
- extends the life of Lash extensions
- enhances the color
- protects lashes from dust and other residue
- strengthens the bond
- available for retail to your clients.

APPLYING SEALER
- Dip microbrushes and saturate the tips with sealer.
- Using a rolling motion, generously coat the tops and bottoms of the lashes.
- Wait two minutes, and apply a second coat.
- Go over lash care instructions and give a copy to your client.
- Set up a maintenance programme

Finishing touch
- Check if the upper and lower lashes are stuck together.
- Only remove the eye-gel pads if you are completely finished applying extensions.
- You can use this time to go over post care, and to retail products and services.
- Client must be sitting up to avoid getting sealer into the eyes.
Aftercare

Lashes are precious! To ensure your AH Francis LASHES are long lasting and stay beautiful, proper care and maintenance are required.

- For the first 2 hours after your LASHES treatment – Do not allow water to contact lashes.
- For 2 days after your LASHES treatment – Do not steam face, use steam bath, swim or wash face with hot water. Avoid sunbeds for 48 hours.
- Do not use waterproof mascara. Use AH Francis Lashes specifically formulated mascara.
- Do not perm AH Francis LASHES.
- Do not use a lash curler, as it will break both the AH Francis LASHES and natural lashes.

- Do not rub eyes or lashes when washing face. Always pat dry lashes after cleansing.
- Avoid makeup remover from touching the lashes, use a cotton bud around the lashes to remove any other makeup.
- Be gentle – no picking!!!
- Use our protective sealer every 3 days to preserve and extend
- Use our protective sealer every 3 days to preserve and extend

Do not get water on your lashes for two hours after the procedure.

Do not rub eyes or AH Francis Lashes when washing

Do not steam face, use a steam bath, swim or wash lashes with hot water.

Do not use waterproof mascara on AH Francis Lashes

Do not use mascara remover directly on AH Francis Lashes

Use water-soluble mascara only! AH Francis Lashes MoreGorgeous mascara

Do not perm AH Francis Lashes.
Become a master

Your main investment in becoming a master is time and not hundreds of pounds on workshops – remember ‘practise is the best of all instructors!’ Certificates do not make you a master, dedication and practise does. However many workshops you attend unless you practise you will never become an expert.

PHASE 1
½ day Home Study
1 full day workshop
Theory Exam
5 Case studies
Certification to practise for insurance purposes

PHASE 2
Once you have performed at least 30 sets, your eyelashes will start staying longer and you will be able to perform a set in under 1 hour.

PHASE 3
Book yourself onto an advanced masterclass where you will learn to create a celebrity favourite 0.07 luxurious look, master the closed eye lower lash technique and learn to do the express treatment.
Congratulations on starting your journey as a professional lashpreneur.

There's never been a better time to be in the lash business and we want to help you every step of the way.

So make sure you visit our website www.ahfrancis.com where there's loads of stuff to help you succeed. We’ve got everything you need, from technical tips to business, marketing and personal development advice.

And if you sign up for an account at our online shop at www.ahfrancis.com we’ll give you a ProBlend Plus Glue for FREE. Simply create an account, add 1 ProBlend Plus Glue to your shopping basket and quote KIT as your discount code.